Having thus described the invention, it is now claimed:

1. A frequency modulated spread spectrum clock generator comprising:
a clock input adapted for receiving a clock signal having a generally constant frequency;

a digital delay having,

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a delay input coupled to the clock input,

a data input adapted for receiving a delay data representative of a selected delay, which delay data is encoded in a frequency modulation patterns, and

a clock output providing a modified clock signal wherein the frequency thereof is adjusted in accordance with the delay data; and a numeric sequencer coupled to the clock input and adapted for generating the delay data.

- 2. The spread spectrum clock generation of claim 1 wherein the numeric sequencer includes a binary counter for generating a binary output sequence.
- 3. The spread spectrum clock generation of claim 2 wherein the numeric sequencer further includes a pattern generator receiving the binary output sequence from the binary counter, and wherein the pattern generator generates the delay data as a function of the binary output sequence.
- 4. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 3 wherein the modified clock signal has a frequency range between 1/(T-NΔ) and 1/(T+NΔ), wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal, N can be any number greater than 1, and Δ is defined as a unit of the selected delay.
  - 5. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 4 wherein the frequency range of the modified clock signal linearly alternates between  $1/(T-N\Delta)$  and  $1/(T+N\Delta)$ .

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- 6. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 5 further comprising a signal conditioner adapted for receiving the modified clock signal and generating a conditioned clock signal therefrom.
- 5 7. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 6 wherein the signal conditioner further comprises a frequency multiplier.
  - 8. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 7 wherein the signal conditioner includes a phase lock loop.
  - A frequency modulated spread spectrum clock generator comprising:
     means adapted for receiving a periodic clock signal having a generally constant
     frequency;
  - a frequency divider for generating a lower frequency clock signal from a received periodic clock signal;
    - a programmable digital delay line adapted to receive the lower frequency clock signal, and including means provide a selected delay to the lower frequency clock signal in accordance with a received digital delay value so as to form a varying frequency clock signal;
      - a counter for generating a pre-selected digital sequence;
    - a pattern generator adapted for generating the digital delay value in accordance with the pre-selected digital sequence encoded as frequency modulation data;
    - a frequency multiplier for increasing a frequency of the varying frequency clock signal so as to generate a spread spectrum clock signal; and
    - means adapted for communicating the spread spectrum clock signal to an associated digital device.
    - 10. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 9 wherein the spread spectrum clock signal has a frequency range between  $1/(T-N\Delta)$  and  $1/(T+N\Delta)$ , wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal, N can be any number greater than 1, and  $\Delta$  is defined as a unit of the selected delay.

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- 11. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 10 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal linearly alternates between  $1/(T-N\Delta)$  and  $1/(T+N\Delta)$ .
- 5 12. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 11 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal varies from -.2% to +.2% of the periodic clock signal.
  - 13. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 12 wherein the pattern generator includes means for generating the digital delay value in accordance with values disposed in a pre-selected truth table.
  - 14. The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 11 wherein the counter operates synchronously with the periodic clock signal.
- 15. A method of spreading a spectrum of an electromagnetic interference generated by an integrated circuit comprising:

receiving a clock signal having a generally constant frequency;
generating a low frequency clock signal in response to the received clock signal;
generating selected numeric output data representative of a selected numeric
sequence, the numeric output data being representative of a frequency modulated patterns

generating a varying frequency clock signal from the low frequency clock signal, the varying frequency clock signal having a delay set in accordance with the selected numeric output sequence.

generated in response to the received clock signal; and

16. The method of spreading a spectrum of claim 15 wherein the step of generating selected numeric output data includes:

incrementing a counter data in response to the received clock signal;
generating a pattern data that corresponds to the counter data; and
generating the selected numeric sequence in accordance with the pattern data.

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- 17. The method of spreading a spectrum of claim 16 wherein the step of generating pattern data includes generating the varying frequency clock signal in accordance with values associated with a pre-selected truth table.
- The method of spreading a spectrum of claim 17 wherein the varying frequency clock signal has a frequency range between  $1/(T-N\Delta)$  and  $1/(T+N\Delta)$ , wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal, N can be any number greater than 1, and  $\Delta$  is defined as a unit of the selected delay.
- 19. The method of spreading a spectrum of claim 18 wherein the frequency range of the varying frequency clock signal linearly alternates between  $1/(T-N\Delta)$  and  $1/(T+N\Delta)$ .
  - 20. The method of spreading a spectrum of claim 19 wherein the frequency range of the varying frequency clock signal varies from -.2% to +.2% of the periodic clock signal.

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